Topic: Was the Great Fire of London a good thing in the end?

Year: 2 Term: Spring Sul

Subject: History

Tuesday 4th September 1666

St Paul's Cathedral is destroyed by the fire.

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Timeline of Events

Sunday 2nd September 1666

The fire starts at around 1 a.m.

Mid-morning: Samuel Pepys starts to write about the fire in his diary.

The fire gets very close to the Tower of London.

Wednesday 5th September 1666

The wind dies down and the fire spreads more slowly.

Thursday 6th September 1666

The fire is finally put out.

Thousands of people are left homeless.

diary

Q

fire

century

past

difference

rebuilt

Key Events and Facts	
When and where did the fire start?	The fire started on Sunday 2 nd September 1666 in Thomas Farriner's bakery on Pudding Lane.
Why did the fire spread so quickly?	In 1666, the buildings in London were made of wood and straw and they were very close together, making it easy for the flames to spread. It had also been a dry summer, so the buildings were dry. Strong winds were blowing, which helped the flames to spread.
How did people try to put the fire out?	People used leather buckets and water squirts to try to put the fire out, but these did not work. Later in the week, King Charles II ordered buildings to be pulled down to stop the flames from spreading.
How and when was the fire put out?	By Thursday 6 th September, the wind had died down. This meant that people were able to put out the flames.
What happened after the fire was put out?	King Charles II ordered that buildings should be rebuilt from brick or stone and that streets should be made wider. This was to stop another fire from spreading like the Great Fire of London did.





Significant People

How far did the fire spread?

